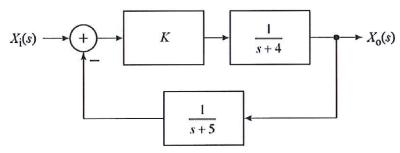
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Ex:



- a) Find the transfer function, $H(s) = \frac{X_0(s)}{X_i(s)}$, for the above system.
- b) For what values of K is the system stable? (Consider positive and negative values of K.)

soln: a) The forward path is
$$K\left(\frac{1}{s+4}\right) = A(s)$$
, and the feedback path is $\frac{1}{s+5} = B(s)$. Using the formula for the transfer function of a standard feedback system yields the following expression:

$$H(s) = A(s) = K/(s+4)$$

$$1 + A(s)B(s) = 1 + K = 1$$

$$s+4 = s+5$$

b) The first step in determining stability is to write H(s) as a ratio of polynomials in s.

$$H(s) = \frac{K}{s+4} \qquad \frac{(s+4)(s+5)}{(s+4)(s+5)} = \frac{K(s+5)}{(s+4)(s+5)} + K$$

The system is stable when the roots of the denominator have non-positive real parts.

$$(5+4)(5+5)+K=0$$
or
 $5^2+95+20+K=0$

The quadratic equation gives the values of the roots.

$$5 = -\frac{9}{2} \pm \sqrt{\left(\frac{9}{2}\right)^2 - (20+K)^2}$$

For the real part of s to be positive, the square root would have to be greater than +9/2=+4.5. The extremum value of K before the system becomes unstable occurs when the square roots equals 4.5.

$$\sqrt{\left(\frac{9}{2}\right)^2 - (20 + K)} = 4.5$$

or
$$(9)^{2} - (20+K) = 4.5^{2}$$

or
$$-(20+k)=0$$

or
$$K = -20$$

The system is stable for K≥-20