Summary：The phasor transform represents a sinusoid as a complex number．

$$
P[A \cos (2 \pi f t+\phi)]=A e^{j \phi}=a+j b
$$

or

$$
A \cos (2 \pi f t+\phi) \stackrel{P[]}{\longleftrightarrow} A e^{j \phi}=a+j b
$$

A right triangle diagram captures the conversion of complex numbers from rectangular to polar form and vice versa．


Polar Form

$$
\begin{aligned}
& A=\sqrt{a^{2}+b^{2}} \\
& \phi=\tan ^{-1}\left(\frac{b}{a}\right)
\end{aligned}
$$

Rectangular Form

$$
\begin{gathered}
a=A \cos \phi \\
b=A \sin \phi
\end{gathered}
$$

